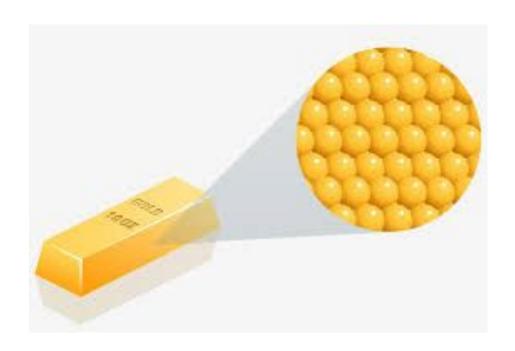
Introduction to Chemistry

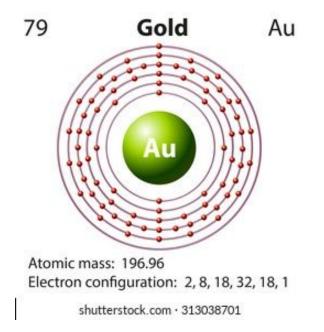
Lesson 1

A. Matter—anything that has _____ and takes up space

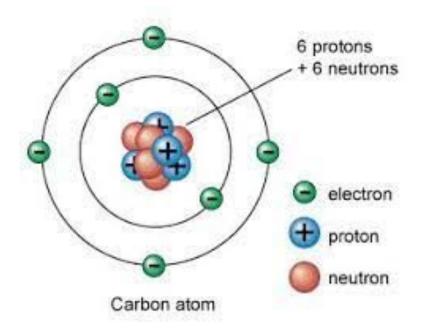
1. Matter is made up of tiny particles called _____Atoms

2. Substances that contain only one type of atom are _____ Elements





В.	Three basic particles make up an atom: _	Proton	 Neutron	, and
	Electron			

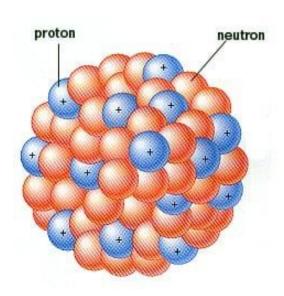


1. Protons and neutrons make up the ______ of an atom.

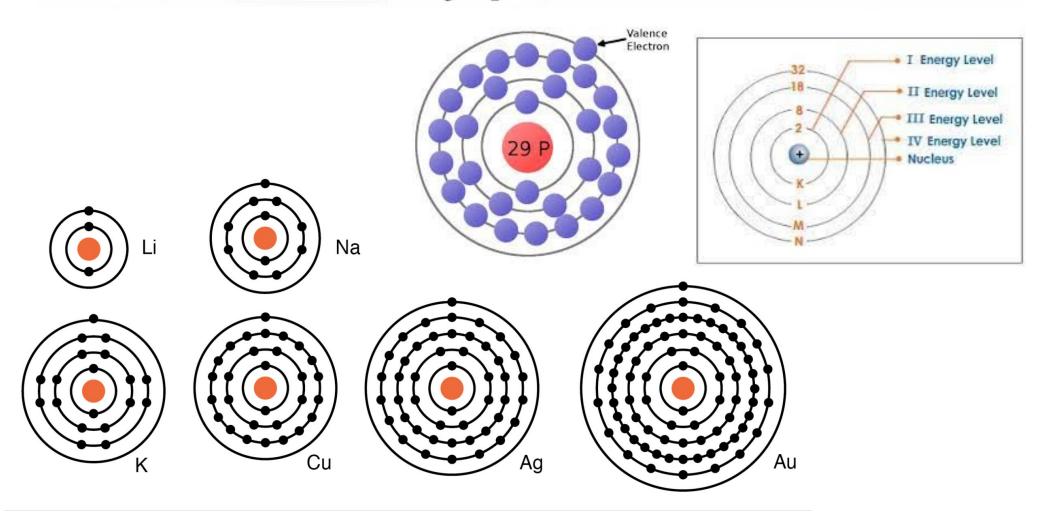
a. Protons—particles that have _____ positive ____ electric charge

b. Neutrons—particles that have No electrical charge

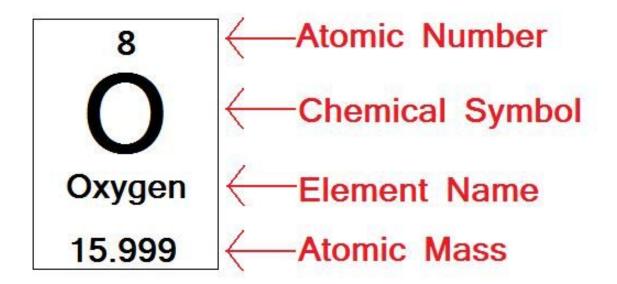
c. The nucleus has a _____ charge.



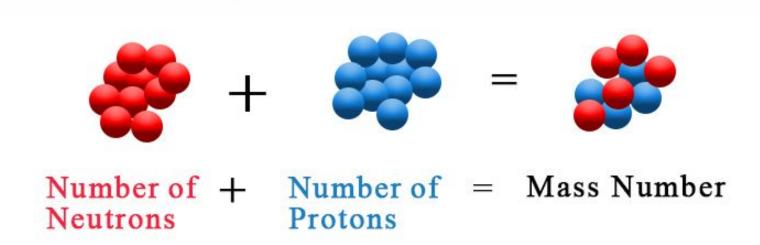
2. Electrons—_ Negatively _ charged particles that move around the nucleus



- 3. Atomic number—the number of _____ Protons _____ in an atom's nucleus
 - a. All atoms of a specific element have the same _____ Atomic Number
 - b. This number also equals the number of _____ in the atom's electron cloud.



4. Mass number—the number of ____Protons and ___Neutrons ____ making up an atom's nucleus



C. Isotopes—atoms of the same element that have different numbers of _____neutrons

Tritium

Three Isotopes of Hydrogen

Deuterium

0

Protium

Isotopes of Carbon Carbon 12 Carbon 13 Carbon 14 · 6 Electrons 6 Electrons 6 Electrons 6 Protons · 6 Protons · 6 Protons 6 Neutrons 7 Neutrons 8 Neutrons Nuclear Number Nuclear Number Nuclear Number =6+6=12= 6 + 7 = 13= 6 + 8 = 14Stable Stable Radioactive