## Lesson

## Introduction to Latitude and Longitude

To understand the concepts of latitude and longitude

## Reading Strategy

Create a chart like the one below listing the importance of each of the terms in using latitude and longitude.


## TERMS TO KNOW

absolute location, latitude, Iongitude, degree, Equator, Prime Meridian

## Learning Target: I can

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Equator. The Equator is a line of latitude. It divides the earth into two equal parts. The Equator runs east and west all the way around the world, halfway between the North and South Poles. Figure 1-5 shows that the Equator is at zero degrees $\left(0^{\circ}\right)$ latitude. When we give the latitude of a place, we must state whether the place is north or south of the Equator. For example, the North


Pole is at $90^{\circ}$ north latitude. If we said only that a place was at $90^{\circ}$ latitude, we would not know if the place was the North Pole or the South Pole.

The starting point for measuring longitude is called the Prime Meridian. Meridian is another name for a longitude line. The earth does not have an east pole and a west pole. Therefore, some point had to be chosen as the starting point for measuring longitude. Through international agreement, Greenwich, England, was chosen as this place. All longitude is measured from the Prime Meridian that runs from the North and South Poles through Greenwich, England.

Figure 1-5 shows the Prime Meridian is at $0^{\circ}$ longitude. When we give the longitude of a place, we must state whether the place is east or west of the Prime Meridian.

Lines of latitude run all the way around the earth, but lines of longitude do not. On the other side of the earth from the Prime Meridian is the line of longitude marked $180^{\circ}$. This line is the ending point for measuring longitude. The area west of the Prime Meridian and $180^{\circ}$ is west longitude. The United States is located west of the Prime Meridian.

Latitude and longitude are determined by measuring the angle between the Equator or Prime Meridian and any point on Earth. Look at Figure 1-6 and find the Equator. Now find the line $10^{\circ}$ north of the Equator. The angle between the Equator, the center of the earth, and this line is $10^{\circ}$.

Now look at Figure 1-7 and find the Prime Meridian. Now find the line $10^{\circ}$ west of the Prime Meridian. The angle between the Prime Meridian, the center of the earth, and this line is $10^{\circ}$.



## Using Your Skills

## (A) Reviewing Key Terms

Explain the meaning of each of the following terms.

1. degree
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2. latitude
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3. longitude
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4. Equator
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5. Prime Meridian
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## B Practicing Map Skills

Follow the directions to complete Map 1-6: The World.

1. Find the line of latitude that is the Equator. Write Equator on the line.
2. Find the line of longitude that is the Prime Meridian. Write Prime Meridian on the line.
3. The lines of latitude and longitude shown on the map are spaced $30^{\circ}$ apart. Find the first latitude line north of the Equator. Label the line $30^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. Find the first latitude line south of the Equator. Label the line $30^{\circ} \mathrm{S}$. Now label the rest of the latitude lines correctly.
4. Find the first longitude line east of the Prime Meridian. Label the line $30^{\circ}$ E. Find the first longitude line west of the Prime Meridian. Label the line $30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. Now label the rest of the longitude lines correctly.

